



COALITION FOR A **DEMOCRATIC WORKPLACE**

NLRB Is Attacking the Secret Ballot in Union Representation Elections

The ability to vote via secret ballots with no coercion or outside pressure is a vital safeguard in democratic elections, but the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) and its General Counsel Jennifer Abruzzo are working together to eliminate secret ballots in union representation elections, needlessly exposing workers to intimidation, harassment, and coercion when making this profound decision.

Secret ballot voting is the American gold standard for good reason. It preserves voter privacy and election integrity. When considering union representation elections, the secret ballot process guarantees voters can vote their conscience in an NLRB-supervised voting booth, ensuring no one is standing over their shoulder watching how they vote or pressuring them to vote a certain way – whether that be a union organizer, colleague, or their employer.

Card check, on the other hand, is a system in which union organizers can approach employees (at any time, in any place, and as many times as necessary) to present them with an authorization card and ask for (or demand) their signature. [Card check is notoriously flawed](#). It leaves workers vulnerable to coercion and harassment by union organizers and their supporters by forcing them to express their support or opposition to union representation in front of others. The Supreme Court and numerous courts of appeals have consistently held that authorization cards are “admittedly inferior to the election process” and are subject to “abuses” and “misrepresentations” and that employers “concededly may have valid objections to recognizing a union on that basis.”

Unions use card check to intimidate workers into supporting unionization, as was demonstrated in a [2007 hearing](#) where several former union organizers detailed the extensive tactics unions use to get signatures. Card check is also used to both hide the campaign from the employer and expedite it, with the goal that employees never hear from employers about the negatives of the union and unionization, leaving workers without the information they need to make this decision.

Unions also often lie to workers about what signing an authorization card actually means, but cards are contractual documents that say the employee gives the union the authority to be their exclusive bargaining representative. By signing, the employee is giving up their rights to speak on their own behalf about wages, benefits, and other working conditions. There are no laws in place that limit what a union can say to workers during a union organizing drive, allowing them to lie or mislead workers however they see fit.

NLRB and General Counsel Actively Working to Eliminate Secret Ballots

Under current law, to petition for a representation election, a union must produce signed authorization cards from at least 30% of the workers in the proposed bargaining unit. If the union produces cards from over 50% of the proposed unit, the employer may voluntarily recognize the union without an election.

Now, however, General Counsel Abruzzo wants to force employers to agree to card check in most circumstances, essentially depriving most workers of secret ballot elections. She advocated in



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amicus briefs in [Cemex](#) and [Starbucks](#) that the Board should replace secret ballots in most union representation elections with card check. The General Counsel's position relies on an NLRB case from the 1940s called *Joy Silk*, which has since been overturned and abandoned by the Board. Her arguments fly in the face of the Supreme Court decisions that have unequivocally established the superiority of the secret ballot process.

The Board itself is also attacking private ballots. The NLRB recently [proposed a rule](#) to limit employees' right to petition the agency for a secret ballot election when a union claims majority support via card check. Current law allows employees 45 days to petition the Board for a secret ballot election following an employer announcement that it has voluntarily recognized a union based on card check. Without this short 45-day window, employees would not have the opportunity to access the Board's election process (and thereby secret ballots) for as long as four years. The Board fails to provide any rationale for this new rule, which strips employees of the fundamental right to vote privately.

Additionally, current NLRB Chair Lauren McFerran is [advocating](#) for the adoption of electronic voting in union representation elections, which is, in essence, card check by another name. [Electronic voting](#) provides no NLRB supervision of the voting process and allows for the coercion, intimidation, and harassment of workers as they place their votes. Moreover, the National Mediation Board, several states, and various foreign countries have all shelved online voting programs because of the costs and cybersecurity concerns of implementing electronic voting.

Congress Wants Secret Ballots – Only for Certain Workers

The left has also been protecting secret ballots but only when convenient.

Democrats in the House of Representatives passed a resolution allowing Capitol Hill staff to unionize but [mandated](#) that they can only do so via ***secret ballot elections***. Additionally, Big Labor was able to secure language in the United States-Mexico-Canada (USMCA) trade agreement requiring Mexico to “[p]rovide in its labor laws that union representation challenges are carried out . . . ***through a secret ballot vote***.” The agreement also required Mexico to adopt legislation requiring that labor contracts have “majority support” among employees, with an independent agency verifying that “a majority of workers . . . demonstrated support . . . through a ***personal, free, and secret vote***.”

Clearly the left understands just how critical the secret ballot process is in efforts to ensure a fair election, but what's good for the goose must be good for the gander. Secret ballots are the best method of determining workers' true feelings about union representation in the workplace, and it should be guaranteed to all workers – those in the United States private sector, those on Capitol Hill, those in Mexico, and beyond. Congress, the NLRB, and General Counsel Abruzzo should all recognize the critical importance of the secret ballot and work to protect workers' right to vote their conscience.